

**RESOLUTION OF THE  
WHITE MOUNTAIN APACHE TRIBE OF THE  
FORT APACHE INDIAN RESERVATION**

- WHEREAS,** All Native women on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation are vulnerable to breast cancer and to cervical cancer; and
- WHEREAS,** These two diseases can be successfully treated if caught early in their progressions by medical screening procedures; and
- WHEREAS,** The Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention has made available monies through the "1994 National Breast Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program American Indian Initiative"; and
- WHEREAS,** The most effective method of preventing mortality due to cervical and breast cancer is early screening; and
- WHEREAS,** This initiative can be utilized to provide money for screening and referrals for suspicious cases that would otherwise go undetected, thereby indicating treatment when needed;

**BE IT RESOLVED** by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe that it hereby directs the Health Authority to pursue funding for this project from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

The foregoing resolution was on June 01, 1994, duly adopted by a vote of ten for and zero against by the Tribal Council of the White Mountain Apache Tribe, pursuant to authority vested in it by Article IV, Section 1 (a), (b), (i), (j), (t), (s) and (u) of the Constitution of the Tribe, ratified by the Tribe September 30, 1993, and approved by the Secretary of the Interior on November 12, 1993, pursuant to Section 16 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984).

RECEIVED

  
Chairman of the Tribal Council

  
Secretary of the Tribal Council